Wisconsin Natural Resources Board Approves DNR Scope Statement for Regulations Aimed at Protecting Drinking Water

During their September meeting, the board directed the DNR to prepare a scope statement related to decreasing nitrate pollution in areas of the state with highly permeable soils susceptible to groundwater contamination. The scope statement - a broad outline of a rule - the vote also conditionally approves the public hearing notice and notice of submittal related to NR 151 and 243 targeted performance standards and prohibitions to abate nitrate pollution in groundwater in sensitive areas. Approval of the scope statement allows the department to develop detailed rules that require final approval from the Legislature. The process takes approximately 30 months.

This process is going to take us a couple of years and is going to have all the stakeholders at the table,” said NRB Chairman Dr. Frederick Phehn. “It’s a step in the right direction. Hopefully, it’s a quantitative step that changes the water. The public wants solutions, and (agriculture) wants to be a part of that.”

Nitrate is Wisconsin’s most widespread groundwater contaminant. Approximately 90% of nitrate in groundwater originates from agricultural sources such as land application of fertilizers and manure. The majority of nitrate in groundwater comes from fertilizer applied to cornfields. The use of nitrogen fertilizer has been increasing for decades. Elevated nitrate can cause miscarriage, congenital disabilities, elevated cancer risk and other disorders.

During their September meeting, the board directed the DNR to expand public input regarding the department’s process in developing rules related to the state’s water quality standards. Additional public hearings were held in Fond du Lac, Hancock and Janesville.

To achieve water quality standards required by state statute, NR 151 establishes statewide runoff pollution performance standards, prohibitions and targeted performance standards for non-agricultural facilities and transportation facilities. By law, if the statewide performance standards and prohibitions do not achieve state water quality standards, the DNR may develop targeted performance standards.

Immediately following the vote, Secretary-designee Cole expressed his gratitude to the board for their hard work and commitment to safe, clean drinking water. “We’ve done it before a hundred times over, and we will do this with transparency and openness from this administration,” Cole said. “It will be a long, difficult road, but this board is duly appointed to deal with some of the most troubling issues, and, quite frankly, I can’t think of a better group of individuals to work with.”

Happy New Year to all. I hope 2019 was a great and successful year for you with hopes that 2020 will be even better. We are in our final days of sales of our annualendar raffle, so if you haven’t purchased a calendar yet, now is the time. And if you are selling WWP calendars please send the money and prize stubs to the office soon. If possible, please arrange the stubs in numerical order as this helps Ruth Ann and Lindsay and all the volunteers that help in the office get set for the first raffle in January.

May be cold and gloomy but there’s always something to do in the Wisconsin winter. Predator and rabbit hunting will be in full swing and this cold weather should be making ice for all your ice fishing needs. Remember that ice is unpredictable and never completely safe.

District 2 has two conservation raffles in progress. The first is for an ice fishing package with an Ion electric ice auger and is being held at River’s Edge bar and grill in Tomahawk. The other conservation raffle is a bound hunting package with Garmin electronics and other equipment for hound hunting. There are more conservation raffles on the horizon and feel free to let us know what you would like to see as prizes in our upcoming raffles, or if you would like to set one up yourself we will be happy to help you.

It’s time for our affiliate clubs to renew their annual membership. Please make sure that your sports club contact information with the WWP is up-to-date. Also, if you know of a club that you think would be a good affiliate, feel free to let Kevin Quamme or myself know.

The Federation Annual Meeting will be held on April 17th and 18th at the Hotel Mead in Wisconsin Rapids. We encourage our affiliate clubs to submit conservation policy resolutions for review and a vote at the Annual Meeting. If there is a conservation issue that you feel the Federation should undertake, just put it down in resolution form and submit it to the WWP Office. Also, this is the time of year that we honor individuals and clubs for their efforts and achievements in conservation. If you know of someone or some group that has gone above and beyond the call of duty for conservation, please submit a nomination to our office Attn: Lily Pipp-Ping, Awards Committee Chair. Information on the individual awards is on page five of this issue of Wisconsin Conservation. Hope to see you all at this year’s meeting.

Again this year we are offering grants to sports clubs for holding outdoor skills events for youth. Two hundred- and fifty-dollar grants are available for events that feature multiple skills and $100 grants for events that feature one skill. I encourage all of our affiliate clubs to sponsor a youth skills event, but remember grant money is limited and requests need to be in by April 1st. Send your application to our office Attn: Paul Chandler, Education Committee Chair. See page 3 for more information.

Also remember that January 18th and 19th is a free fishing weekend in Wisconsin. Take advantage of it and take someone fishing that would normally not have the opportunity to get out on the water or ice. Lastly, now that hunting seasons are coming to a close, remember to clean your guns and equipment. Proper care will ensure that they last you a lifetime.

Until next month.

Skate swiftly and keep your stick on the ice.

Craig Challoner
President
CLC members and Instructors improving conservation leadership skills at the second session

Lucky Raffle Buck

Leland Rich along with his son Leland Rich Jr. with the buck that Leland shot on the hunt that he won in the May 2019 WWF Wildlife Calendar drawing. WWF Board Member Dave Verhage donated the hunt on the 4th in Clark County. The hunt took place on October 11 and 12 and Dave provided meals and lodging for the hunters.

The Conservation Commission received Dr. Ira Gabrielson make a survey of the Little Eau Pleine Valley and submit a report to the Commission. The Inzak Walton League requested Sigurd Olson, also make a study and submit a report. The Public Service Commission Hearings resumed on May, 16, 1955. Misters Gabrileson and Olson expressed the opinion that the state should try to purchase the area for a wildlife area and that flooding the valley would not be only a loss for the immediate area but for the state. WVIC offered the town of Green Valley $85,000 for the his of the Smoky Hill road. The Town refused as residents expressed the opinion that Consolidated had no authority to withdraw their commitment. The WFCC now had to oppose the project by having the Attorney Generals office present every conservation value in the Eau Pleine Reservoir at the Public Service Commission hearing.

The Conservation Commission requested the Wisconsin Wildlife Federation dues to always thank the people they have graduated from the class they have encountered when meeting with or presenting to the Conservation Commission.

The second session of 2019-2020 Conservation Leadership Corps Class 7 commenced on December 4 and 5 at the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station. Tonight night kicked off students discussing how they implemented the leadership practices they learned during the first session into situations in their personal lives. One student shared an experience about how the leadership skills helped stimulate a conversation about sexual harassment awareness on campus and in the work place. The student was able to address their student organization and openly discuss the issue of sexual harassment. After hearing about how the leadership skills in session one was put into action, Clarissa Bealeston and Carl Meeker informed the current class about the Confluence of Young Conservation Leaders that was held in Austin, Texas in early November. The Confluence of Young Conservation Leaders (CYCL) was a conference held for young leaders in conservation to network among each other and learn about different conservation efforts around the United States. The current CYCL class learned that once they have graduated from the class they then will be able to apply for selection to be a member of the CYCL which will be held in Wisconsin in 2021.

The Saturday portion of the session began with veteran CLC instructor Todd Amba, and our newest member to the CLC instructor team, Leland Rich, discussing ten key principles of conservation policy persuasion. Students were informed when meeting with or presenting issues to policy makers to first and foremost their homework on the subject. Next, the students were informed how to be patient and flexible, tell the truth, keep it simple in what you are asking/propo sing, know your opponents, think big, but be realistic, take your stand where you find them, build coalitions and work at the local level. Lastly, the class members were expected to always thank the people who helped you. The knowledge of how to conduct proper meetings with policy makers before proposing an issue was then exam ined. Jodi and Todd identified to always have a clear purpose and to state the purpose when setting up an appointment to meet with the policy maker. It is also common courtesy to let the policy makers know who will be attending the meeting and to arrive on time. The purpose of the meeting is not only to discuss the policy, but to establish and build a relationship with that policy maker as well. When testifying at hearings, the students learned how to create a written statement to provide the policy makers with and to prepare a verbal statement. The verbal statement should only state the critical points and be about five minutes long.

After hearing all of these incredible and useful tips form ‘Todd and Jodi, the CLC students put these skills to the test. Each student was given a character profile for a person involved in the Ashland and Iron county mining bill that was proposed several years ago. Writing their own testimonies based on the infor mation provided, the students worked in groups either for or against the bill. Their objective was to first meet with a senator and present the issue to the senator and build a relationship with them. Our senate board consisted of Jodi, Todd, George Meyer, and Scott Humrickhouse. Our senate board consisted of Jodi, Todd, George Meyer, and Scott Humrickhouse. Once the students completed their mock senate meeting, the students worked to finalize their testimonies and prepare for the mock senate hearing. The senate hearing was conducted in a formal man ner in which the individual called upon came forth and stated their testimony to the senate board. Questions were asked by the senators after the individual completed their testimony. The purpose of this activity was to teach the students how to prepare for and present a testimony to policy makers. These skills will be valuable for the two remaining sessions, where the students will write their own proposals and present them to the Wisconsin Wildlife Federation’s executive committee at the annual meeting.
Study says “hidden overharvest” from fishing plays a role in Wisconsin walleye declines

By — Adam Hinterthuer, hinterthuer@wsu.edu

MADISON — Over the last two decades, walleye in Wisconsin have been on a downward trend. For the last 35 years, walleye populations have been declining at a rate that would not sustain the fishery. A program to both determine the resilience of Wisconsin walleye populations and to assess the role that anglers play in reducing stocks, and creating a safe cover that the sun filters through for basking rattlesnakes, said Rori Paloski, another DNR conservation biologist involved in Eastern massasauga rattlesnake monitoring. They weighed and measured the snakes and implanted a microchip that can be detected by a scanner if the snakes are recaptured in subsequent years. The monitoring will help track population and health trends and assure the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service that the management the DNR is doing is meeting the endangered snakes, said Rori Paloski, another DNR conservation biologist involved in the surveying. Pilot monitoring in 2018 unearthed a massasauga with snake fungal disease. The DNR’s wildlife management staff to create habitat on wildlife areas for game species, and routine forest management done by the DNR forestry staff can also benefit the endangered snake. One of two rattlesnake species in Wisconsin, massasaugas historically occurred in wetlands and were abundant. One major challenge for the eastern massasauga is maintaining a suitable open upland habitat. That is, where State Natural Areas come in. “SNA crews are enhancing open sites adjacent to wetlands to provide gardening habitat for gravid (pregnant) females,” Paloski says.

This fall and winter, when the snakes are inactive, crews will mow and cut trees and brush from known habitat on State Natural Areas. Brush and young trees are bulldozed into piles on-site and credit: Rori Paloski.

An endangered eastern massasauga rattlesnake. Photo: Rori Paloski.

Self-Certification Tool Now Available for Great Lakes Shoreland Homeowners Allows Quicker Erosion Fixes

MADISON, Wis. — Communities located along the shores of the Great Lakes have grown increasingly concerned about the water levels, at near-record lows, challenging many fresh water resources. Shoreland homeowners are losing valuable real estate to erosion, and each day that passes is one step closer to catastrophe. Homeowners are providing this tool to speed up the process and get people the help they need,” said Amanda Minks, Wetland and Waterway Section Chief at the DNR. The agency’s new self-certification form is an effort to move the process forward. Instead, we will work with property owners on long-term permitting needs once their property is stabilized and the emergency event has subsided,” Minks said.

“Homeowners no longer have to wait for us to approve their permanent plan before moving forward,” said Minks. “We will work with property owners on long-term permitting needs once their property is stabilized and the emergency event has subsided,” Minks said.

For more information or to find the self-certification website, the department developed a webpage with useful resources for homeowners and consultants. It is available at: https://dnr.wi.gov/topic/waterways/shoreline/great-lakesErosionControl.html.
OFFICIAL CALL FOR RESOLUTIONS!

For presentation at the 2019 Annual Meeting of the Wisconsin Wildlife Federation.

What is a resolution?
• A formal, written motion which follows a specific format.

Why submit a resolution?
• To set and express an opinion of the WWF.
• To set a course of action for the WWF Board of Directors to follow.

What is a resolution?
• A formal, written motion which follows a specific format.

What topics should resolutions deal with?
• Any member of the WWF Board of Directors.
• Any individual associate or sustaining member – please contact an Associate Director or District Director to submit it on your behalf.

How should a resolution be submitted?
• Mailed to the WWF office.
• Signed by the author and/or officer of the submitting organization.

Mail your resolutions to:
Wisconsin Wildlife Federation
Attn: Resolutions
PO Box 460
Poynette, WI 53955-0460

Contact the office for additional information or for specific writing format guidelines. (800) 897-4161

WISCONSERNATION January 2020

Deadline March 12th

Affiliate Clubs and Associate Membership

The Federation’s Awards Committee solicits/invites your participation to nominate person(s) and organizations for the 2020 W.W.F. Conservation Achievement Awards Program!

CONSERVATIONIST OF THE YEAR
For the outstanding overall conservation efforts and achievements in any field of natural resource management, for a significant contribution to the cause of conservation, or for meaningful progress or achievement toward a solution of a major conservation problem in the state during the past year. Nominees from all other categories can be considered for the Conservationist of the Year Award.

CONSERVATION ORGANIZATION OF THE YEAR
For outstanding contributions to the conservation of natural resources by an organization in the state for an extended period of time. Statewide or local organizations including sportmen’s clubs or civic organizations are eligible. The recipient should have demonstrated keen interest in projects and programs within the state which deal with significant natural resource or issues.

CONSERVATION LEGISLATOR OF THE YEAR
For outstanding legislative accomplishment during their career which has made a significant contribution to the preservation and management of our state’s natural resources.

WILDLIFE OR FISHERIES CONSERVATIONIST OF THE YEAR
For outstanding efforts and accomplishments in making a significant contribution to the management and/or restoration of wildlife resources in Wisconsin.

HUNTER SAFETY EDUCATOR OF THE YEAR
For outstanding efforts by an individual volunteer or organization over an extended period of time in the education of hunter safety. Also such efforts by an individual or organization that has developed an innovative and successful method of educating novice hunters in hunter safety.

CONSERVATION COMMUNICATOR OF THE YEAR
For outstanding conservation efforts by a person, group, newspaper, magazine, radio, television station or a form of social media in the state. The recipient of this award may be any recognized communication medium within the state that has accomplished a high degree of public awareness of the importance of natural resource conservation.

YOUTH CONSERVATIONIST OF THE YEAR
For the outstanding conservation effort by a person who did not attain the age of 19 during the past year – Youth groups acting together in a conservation program are eligible. The winner should have demonstrated ability, leadership, and accomplishment in any phase of conservation, either individually or as a group.

LAND AND WATER CONSERVATIONIST OF THE YEAR
(2 categories)
For outstanding contributions to the conservation of our land or water. Recipient could be a landowner, administrator, technician or organization involved with such things as watershed management, soil conservation measures, wetlands or estuarine conservation, wild rivers protection and protection of surface or groundwater water quality or quantity standards.

WARDEN OF THE YEAR
For outstanding efforts relating to environmental and conservation law enforcement, community outreach and educational programs.

OFFICIAL NOMINATION APPLICATION

The Wisconsin Wildlife Federation invites you to nominate a person or group who has shown outstanding conservation effort and achievement in any of the categories listed. To make a nomination, send one copy of this form and a copy of a résumé. Attach all supporting documents and send to the above address. Deadline for receiving nominations is March 12, 2020.

Name of Nominee __________________________________
Address _________________________________________________________________________
City/State/Zip _____________________________________________________________
Phone __________________________

Award Nominated For __________________________________________________________

For presentation at the 2019 Annual Meeting of the Wisconsin Wildlife Federation.

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What topics should resolutions deal with?
• Any member of the WWF Board of Directors.
• Any individual associate or sustaining member – please contact an Associate Director or District Director to submit it on your behalf.

What should a resolution be?
• Typed on official organization letterhead preferred.
• Signed by the author and/or officer of the submitting organization.
• Mailed to the WWF office.
• Postmarked no later than March 12, 2020.

What topics should resolutions deal with?
• Issues pertaining to natural resources and their management or the environment.
• Issues of importance to the entire state.

Mail your resolutions to:
Wisconsin Wildlife Federation
Attn: Resolutions
PO Box 460
Poynette, WI 53955-0460

Contact the office for additional information or for specific writing format guidelines. (800) 897-4161

Conservation Achievement Awards
Wisconsin Wildlife Federation
PO Box 460
Poynette, WI 53955-0460
www.wwf.org

Please Note Following Instructions:
1. Please read the general rules carefully.
2. Follow the outline covering the category for which the nomination is being made.
3. Attach typed or written copy of a résumé of achievements.
4. Include organizational memberships, affiliations, past achievements for which nomination is based on.
Modernization Act Passes House Natural Resources Committee, Will Re-energize Hunting Participation and Conservation Funding

The legislation — sponsored by Reps. Aaron Schock (R-Ill.), and Debbie Dingell (D-Mich.) — would grow the ranks and diversity of hunters who support conservation efforts through excise taxes on firearms and equipment.

Excise taxes on hunting, shooting equipment fund state wildlife conservation efforts

The health of the lands, waters, and wildlife we care deeply about depend on the Pittman-Robertson Fund for Tomorrow’s Needs. The Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act (Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act), which will strengthen hunters’ ongoing support for wildlife conservation and outdoor recreation, remains central to America’s wildlife heritage.

The legislation is critical to bolstering and diversifying the ranks of hunters and anglers who provide the bulk of wildlife conservation funding through state license fees and federal excise taxes on firearms and hunting equipment.

“Whether you hunt for deer, turkey, or fish, the Pittman-Robertson Act, includes an 11 percent tax on firearms, ammunition, and archery equipment that is apportioned to state wildlife agencies each year for wildlife conservation and hunter education,” said Marcia Brownlee, program manager for Artemis Sportswomen with the National Wildlife Federation. “The participation of women is one segment of the National Wildlife Federation. “The legislation — sponsored by Reps. Aaron Schock (R-Ill.), and Debbie Dingell (D-Mich.) — would grow the ranks and diversity of hunters who support conservation efforts through excise taxes on firearms and equipment.

This federal GLRI grant provides a critical match to Minnesota Outdoor Heritage Fund dollars at the state level to ensure these massive habitat restoration projects are completed,” said Paul Steckel, director of Conservation Reso-


cid for Tomorrow’s Needs. The Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act (Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act), which will strengthen hunters’ ongoing support for wildlife conservation and outdoor recreation, remains central to America’s wildlife heritage.

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The Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act would authorize some funding from Pittman-Robertson excise taxes on hunting and shooting equipment to be spent by state wildlife agencies on recruiting and marketing to hunters and recreational shooters in order to reverse declines in hunting participation, which provides funding for wildlife conservation. The bill maintains existing funding streams for wildlife conservation from the excise taxes.

The Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, commonly known as the Pittman-Robertson Act, includes an 11 percent tax on firearms, ammunition, and archery equipment that is apportioned to state wildlife agencies each year for wildlife conservation and hunter education. The National Wildlife Federation helped lead a coalition to pass the Pittman-Robertson Act in 1937 when many now-common wildlife spe-

cies populations were in crisis. Since distributions began in 1937, it has provided $13.8 billion to state fish and wild-

life agencies, all funded by hunters and recreational shooters, and helped recov-

er iconic game species like wild turkey, white-tailed deer, and elk from scarcity to surplus.

However, the number of hunters has declined in recent decades, from 14.1 million hunters in 1991 to 11.5 million by 2016, according to the National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, & Wildlife- Associated Recreation by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and projections forecast that number may continue to drop without the efforts that the Pittman-Robertson Modernization Act will allow.

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Wisconsin Concludes 168th Nine-Day Gun Deer Season

Opportunities for Antlerless Deer Hunting Continue Through January

Historic, Bipartisan Wildlife Funding Bill Moves Forward

The “Recovering America’s Natural Wildlife Act” is the most significant piece of wildlife legislation since the Endangered Species Act passed in 1973. The bipartisan legislation, introduced by Reps. Dingell, Fortenberry and Hufnagel, has nearly 160 co-sponsors, would fund proactive, on-the-ground wildlife conservation efforts led by state wildlife agencies. This spending will be guided by the Congressionally mandated State Wildlife Action Plans, which identify 12,000 species of concern.

WISCONSIN January 2020

The recovery of many species imperiled by predation, habitat loss, and other factors requires dedicated annual funding. This bipartisan legislation would provide $1.397 billion in dedicated annual funding for proactive, on-the-ground wildlife conservation efforts led by state wildlife agencies.

Wisconsin’s hunting legacy runs deep, and hunters are encouraged to share their stories from this year’s deer hunt - the funny ones, the big buck stories and the stories of the ones that got away. Be sure to follow DNR on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram to share your experience and for more updates, photos and stories.

Preliminary License Sales Totals

In 2019, 564,664 gun deer licenses were sold through the end of the nine-day gun deer season, compared to 576,277 in 2018. This is a 2.02% decrease. In total, 792,546 gun, archery and crossbow licenses (not including upgrades) have been sold through the end of the nine-day gun deer season, compared to 803,772 in 2018, a 1.40% decrease. Of the licenses sold to date, 54% were sold in person through transactions at DNR license agents, including through DNR offices and agents. The remaining 46% of licenses were purchased online. Deere hunting license and harvest authorization sales will continue throughout the remaining deer hunting seasons.

Preliminary Registration Totals

Overall, preliminary figures show that 160,789 deer were registered during the nine-day gun deer hunt, compared to 173,972 in 2018. Of the deer harvested in the 2019 nine-day season, 75,236 were antlered compared to 105,315 in 2018. The nine-day hunt also provided successful hunters with 85,533 antlerless deer, a decrease from 108,657 in 2018.

Reports from hunters around Wisconsin indicated low daytime deer activity throughout the season. The largest declines in antlered harvest occurred in the northern forest zone, where blizzard-like conditions and significant snow accumulation hindered hunter access.

Deer harvest numbers will climb as hunters enjoy additional hunting opportunities: Dec. 2-11 - statewide muzzleloader-only hunt; Dec. 12-13 - statewide four-day antlerless-only hunt; Dec. 24 to Jan. 1, 2020 - nine-day antlerless-only holiday hunt in select Farmland Zone counties.

New National Wildlife Refuge Begins Development in Kentucky

The refuge was established with the acquisition of the first tract, a 10-acre parcel donated by the Southern Conservation Corp. The establishment makes it the 568th refuge in the National Wildlife Refuge System. The 10 acres are the first of what the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service plans to acquire, including 12,000 acres of wetlands, and public use benefits.”

The refuge will help protect and manage wildlife, but establishing a new national park could generate an additional $7.5 million in tourism spending.

America’s Newest National Park Is a Win for Wildlife, Recreation and New Mexico’s Economy

Established in 1933 as a national monument, White Sands is home to more than 800 different species of wildlife and more than 800 different species of wildlife and more than 77 million in tourism spending. The National Wildlife Refuge System. The 10 acres are the first of what the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service plans to acquire, including 12,000 acres of wetlands, and public use benefits.”

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### 2019 Calendar Donors

**Platinum**  
Jon's Sport Shop  
Ecklund Motorsports  
Fallin Fowl Outfitters  
Dave Verhage

**Gold**  
Becoming An Outdoor Woman  
Nicky Boy Charter Fishing Services  
Mathews Bow  
Jeff O'Brien, CNOH Outdoors  
Lake Superior Bluetick kennel

**Bronze**  
Tri-County Sportswomen  
Lil Pipping  
Sheboygan County Conservation Assoc.  
Jim Swanson  
Hotel Mead  
Keith & Judy Pamperin  
Bill Ballard

### WWF “Kitchen News”

#### Chicken Stir Fry

**Ingredients**
- 1 green pepper
- ½ lbs mushrooms
- 6 green onions
- 1 can bean sprouts
- 6 stalks celery
- 4 chicken thighs deboned and chopped

**Marinade for Chicken**
- ½ cup water
- ½ cup red wine
- 1 tablespoon molasses
- 2 bay leaves
- garlic clove chopped

**Directions**
- Marinade chicken for 2 to 4 hours. Drain marinade from chicken and save marinade. Slice veggies into longer strips. Pre-heat wok or cast iron skillet on high. Add oil and allow to heat up. Lower heat to high medium. Stir fry chicken until done. Remove chicken from pan and add vegetables. Add more oil if necessary. Cook veggies until tender crisp. Add cooked chicken and saved marinade; warm a few minutes. Stir in corn starch if thicker sauce is desired.

#### Festive Pheasant

**Ingredients**
- Meat from 1 or 2 pheasants, Cubed
- 16 ounce can chunked pineapple
- 1 tablespoon cornstarch
- ½ cup brown sugar
- ½ cup vinegar
- 4-6ounces soy sauce
- 2 tablespoons finely chopped black pepper
- 2 tablespoons minced onion
- 2 tablespoons minced green onion

**Directions**
- Brown cubed pheasant in oil. Add one cup of water, cover and simmer for 1 hour. Drain Pineapple, saving the juice. Mix pineapple juice, cornstarch, vinegar, brown sugar and soy sauce. Add to meat and cook over medium heat until mixture thickens. Add red bell pepper, onion and pineapple. Heat through. Serve over bed of cooked white rice.

#### Veggie Macaroni Salad

**Ingredients**
- 2 cups cooked macaroni  
- 1 tablespoon cream  
- 1 diced cucumber  
- 1 diced tomato  
- 1 diced green pepper  
- 1 ½ cups chopped celery  
- 1 tablespoon prepared mustard

**Directions**
- Mix all ingredients together and chill at least an hour before serving.